

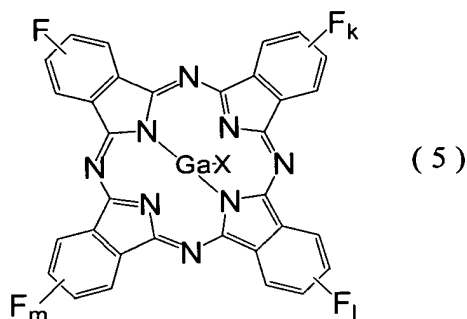
IN THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace paragraph [0024] at page 14, with the following rewritten paragraph:

[0024]

According to still another aspect of the present invention (claim 9), there is provided an electrophotographic photoreceptor comprising an electroconductive substrate and a photosensitive layer formed on said substrate, wherein said photosensitive layer contains a at least one fluorinated gallium-phthalocyanine compound expressed by general formula (5):

[Chemical Formula 5]



where, in the formula [(1)] (5),

X represents a halogen atom, and

k, l, and m each signify the number of substituent fluorine atoms and represent, independently of each other, an integer between 0 and 4.

Please replace paragraph [0052] beginning at page 41, with the following rewritten paragraph:

[0052]

In addition, when the total number of halogen atoms  $X^1$ - $X^4$  is equal to or more than 2 or when the total number of halogen atoms  $X^5$ - $X^8$  is equal to or more than 2, the phthalocyanine compound of general formula (2) or the phthalocyanine compound of general formula (4) has structural isomers. As an example, the phthalocyanine compound of general

formula (2) where  $a = b = c = d = 1$  and every halogen atom  $X^1-X^4$  binds to either position (a) or position (b) has six different structural isomers with varying combinations of the binding positions of halogen atoms  $X^1-X^4$ . As another example, the phthalocyanine compound of general formula (4) where  $e = f = g = h = 1$  and every halogen atom  $X^5-X^8$  binds to either position (a) or position (b) has six different structural isomers with varying combinations of the binding positions of halogen atoms  $[[X^1-X^4]] \underline{X^5-X^8}$ . For the sake of convenience, these structural isomers are represented by references (I)-(VI) hereinafter.

Combinations of the binding positions of halogen atoms  $X^1-X^4$ ,  $X^5-X^8$  in structural isomers (I)-(VI) are shown in the following Table 1. Although plural combinations are possible for each of structural isomers (III)-(VI), one of the combinations is shown in Table 1 as an example.